BECAUSE WE BELIEVE IN THE VALUE

OF MEASURED PROTECTION.

THE MOST ADVANCED SECURITY SYSTEMS FOR THE MOST DELICATE HAZARDS.



W-FOG SYSTEMS

for the protection of

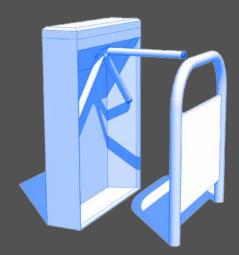
TRANSPORT
AND INTERCHANGE
STATIONS

The train and metro infrastructures allow mass transport of users in most cities, especially BIG ones. They are enclosed spaces with various levels in surface or underground, requiring special conditions of evacuation and fire protection.

All the surfaces with no movements, associated access or use have to be sectorized and protected, so that the evacuation routes meet a certain times and lengths.

The security of a large number of people is the critical factor to consider in the design. Any fire originated in the various hazardous areas or extended from the tunnels or trains can cause panic situations and agglomerations which hinder the evacuation.

RG-Systems has the high pressure water mist W-FOG technology for controlling and suppressing the fire, so that its growth slows down and further spreading is prevented while evacuation time is increased through the reduction of emissions and clearing of the atmosphere.





RG W-FOG incorporates to the known extinguishing properties of the water the most advanced technologies to provide optimised extinction based on:

Minimal drop size: the surface area is increased, achieving a maximum rate of heat absorption.

Reduction of equipment: up to **90% less water is required**, with which storage, piping and systems are ostensibly optimised.

Production of vapour, which **blocks** the contact between comburent agent (O2) and fuel.

Fast action, **minimising damage** and avoiding damage to the building's structure.

WATER MIST IN TRANSPORT PLACES

Characteristics Requirements **Features** High occupancy, Harmless agent, does not massive during reduce oxygen. peak times Proven effectiveness: real Protection of users scale tests, launching tests Evacuation Clean atmosphere, with additional good visibility. problem Minimizing feeling of danger Stops emissions, pulls smoke and pollutants. Highly variable premises. Specific and general Numerous local protection (mechanic ones of special escalators, transformers, technical Flexible and adaptable system hazard rooms, etc.) Costly and Blocks radiation. problematic preventing the fire down time from spreading. Damage limitation Local inertization. False Minimal damage: mist

> type discharge, without inundating rooms or affecting the property. Antivandalic

components

alarms,

vandalism

Avoid deterioration of goods



Frequent uses in a station or transport interchange are:



- Hallways and corridors
- Platforms
- Control rooms
- Trade and catering
- Warehouses

SPECIAL HAZARDS:

- Transformers
- Generators
- Air conditioning
- Escalators and ramps
- Other facilities

In these areas numerous sources of hazards and potential fire spots are located. Within the causes, the following stand out as the most common:

MAINTENANCE:

dust or combustible materials near sources of heat, garbage, inadequate maintenance or cleaning.

f te d.

EXTERNAL CAUSES:

train accidents, dumping of combustible liquids, lightning, landslides.

USERS:

carelessness, negligence and vandalism

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS:

sparks, short circuits, defects and overloading

It is essential to act quickly on the outbreak, limiting its growth through mass heat absorption of water mist and prevent further growth and it recrudesce thereby reducing the rate of heat release until the arrival of the manual means.





The most significant constraint when designing a fire protection system in a transport station or interchange is the **safety of users**.

These are numerous and generally not familiar or briefly- with the building where these are located. It is therefore essential that panic or lacks of control situations are avoided.



Because of their nature, public buildings with high turnout have **high ceilings and large open spaces**. The venues do not need to be independent and closed with respect to each other, but rather it is usual that they are connected by wide corridors and lobbies.

RG W-FOG operates immediately without needing sealing, not allowing the progression of the fire and protecting the structure of the station with its great capacity for heat absorption.

This, coupled with the high density of equipment and machinery (vehicles, engines, generators, electricity, air conditioning, air renewal, surveillance, security, etc., including fuel) notably increases the risk of fire.

RG-Systems has several international certifications approving its use in public spaces, machinery, high altitudes, plant and machinery.

THE CLARIFICATION
OF THE
ATMOSPHERE AND
GOOD VISIBILITY
THAT PRODUCES
WATER MIST IS
SUITABLE FOR A
SAFE EVACUATION.

ON FACING THESE
CONSTRAINTS THE
EQUIPMENT RG W-FOG
RESPOND EFFECTIVELY,
ALLOWING A SINGLE PUMP
UNIT TO PROTECT AN ENTIRE
STATION, OR CYLINDERS
BATTERY FOR SPECIFIC
POINTS.

COMPONENTES

CYLINDERS BATTERY

composed of water bottles propelled by nitrogen, which are mainly used in protection a. It's supplied fully equipped and on-demand of the agent's design in 40, 67, 80 or 140 L cylinders

PUMPING UNITS + TANKS

made up of control panel banks, collector and positive displacement pumps:

- ELECTRICAL RG W-FOG UAP
- DIESEL RG W-FOG UAPD
- MIXED WITH DIESEL AND ELECTRIC PUMPS

These are: **principal** (s), **auxiliary** (facultative) and **jockey** (wet pipe and pre-action). The setting is adjustable in number and power, based on the demand.

DIFFUSERS OR SPRAY NOZZLES:

RG-Systems has specifically tested open nozzle for local application to protect hazards as well as closed nozzle with bulbs for total flooding of rooms and evacuation routes.





CONTROL VALVES:

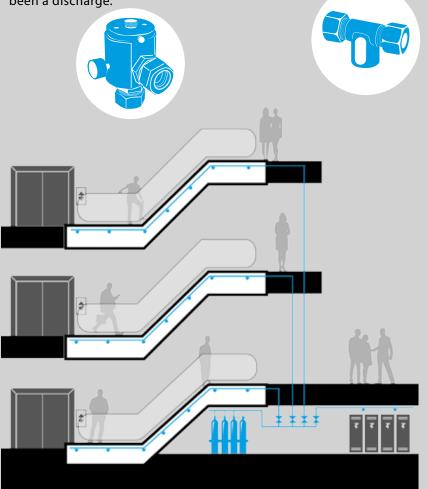
allow routing of the agent to various hazards, for protecting various other sectors with a single device.

SECTION VALVES:

detect the passage of water, send signal in which to the sector where there has been a discharge.

DIRECT ACCESSORIES

direct, reducers, etc. for a quick, compact and prefabricated assembly, with less no of components.





APPROVALS

RG-Systems guarantees the suitability of its W-FOG equipment with detailed studies and components accredited by international certifying entities of recognised prestige.









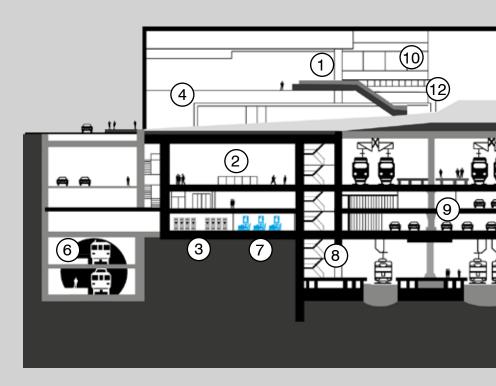


LOCAL USE:

For the protection of regular outbreak sources, not confined to (such as machinery) or if ventilation is high. It actions only on the element implicated

- ESCALATORS AND MECHANICAL RAMPS:

 are usual outbreaks points, with high fire load and integrated communication paths and / or evacuation.
- 2 AIR CONDITIONING MACHINERY: adds to the spread of smoke, hot, toxic gases and the fire itself.
- TRANSFORMERS AND GENERATORS: which can affect the operation of the entire station.





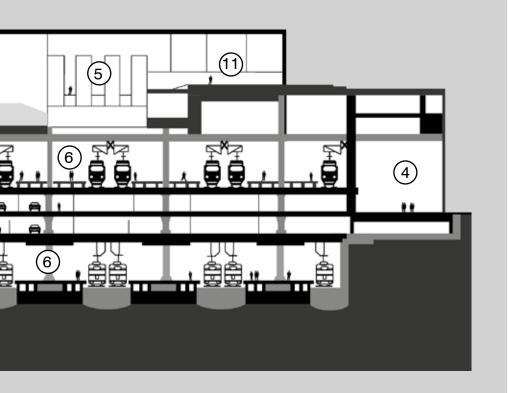
TOTAL INDUNDATION:

Provides comprehensive protection of the entire volume, including conduits and communicating spaces. The best option is to use pumping units with control valves that route the agent to the affected sector.

- 4 CORRIDORS AND LOBBIES
- 7 PCI INSTALATIONS
- (10) SECURITY ROOMS

- (5) COMERCIAL AREA
- 8 EVACUATION ROUTES
- (11) RESTAURANTS

- 6 PLATFORMS
- 9 PARKING
- 12 RAISED FLOOR AND CEILING



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